

## ARMY MANOEUVRES TO GET \$1,000,000

House, by a vote of 50 to 27,  
Declined to Strike Out  
Provision.

### HAY OPPOSED THE MEASURE

Grosvenor Related Story of Mur-  
der at Last Military Encamp-  
ment in Ohio.

WASHINGTON, January 9.—By a vote of 50 to 27, the House in committee of the whole today, having the army appropriation bill under consideration, refused to strike out an item of one million dollars for the purpose of paying the expenses of regiments, battalions, squadrons and batteries of the organized militia to participate in such brigade or division encampments as may be established for the field instruction of the troops of the regular army.

Representative Hall, of Virginia, insisted that the manoeuvres held in Virginia were not amount to much, and said that so far as the manoeuvres held in Virginia were concerned, they were a farce. He contended that the encampment was of little good to the national guard, and expressed the opinion that they should not be held often than once every two years.

Representative Hall, of Iowa, in charge of the bill, said that the committee knew that he did not approve the large manoeuvres, because he did not believe the national guard received any benefit. At this point the debate took on a wide range, Representative Grosvenor, of Ohio, enlivening the House by relating the story of the encampment held last summer near his home, in Athens, Ohio.

### Murder of Officer.

He said there was always an irritation and conflict between farmers' sons and soldiers' clerks and men of the regular army. Some trouble happened in Athens, and a soldier of the regular battery was arrested for being drunk and disorderly. A friend located him in jail. That night fifty or seventy-five members of the company to which the prisoner belonged slipped out of camp, organized themselves into a small force, marched up to the town and into the jail-yard, and as they were about to attack a guard of infantry, commanded by a young officer, a corporal or a sergeant of the State guard, ordered them to halt. Fifty or sixty shots were fired, and he fell dead in the street.

"There never was a man punished for anything connected with it," said Mr. Grosvenor. "There was an officer called upon to report and there never was any report made by the captain or other commanding officers of that regular battery, and the feeble attempt of the local authorities to punish the man who committed that cold-blooded murder was utterly futile for reasons that I do not care to go into just at this time under the surrounding circumstances."

He charged that the War Department, in addition to the regular officers and men, had taken up the cudgel in opposition to the authorities and in opposition to the militia of the State.

Mr. Crumppacker, of Indiana, asked if there were any colored soldiers at that encampment.

"Not one," replied Mr. Grosvenor.

## CONGRESS KILLS BIG GRAFT BILL

(Continued from First Page.)

In dead, although it may be revived at a later session.

"Do not overlook the fact," said Chairman Mahon, himself in G. A. R. man from Pennsylvania, "that every one of the petitions to have the Congress enact such legislation comes from men who have already been got up by the government and without the expenditure of one cent of their own money. I do not believe Congress will ever pass such a bill."

## SENATE WAITS FOR TILLMAN

Senator From South Carolina  
Is Still Too Ill to  
Talk.

WASHINGTON, January 9.—At the conclusion of morning business today the Senate postponed the consideration of the Brownsville resolutions were laid before the Senate, but discussion was postponed until to-morrow on the statement of Mr. Foraker that Senator Tillman was still indisposed and unable to address the Senate as he desired.

After a general discussion, a tentative understanding was reached in the Senate justifying the expectation that a vote on the general service pension bill be taken next Friday. The measure was debated at some length during the early part of today's session and received no local criticism, but many commendations.

### NEVER TIRES Of the Food That Restored Her to Health.

"My food was killing me, and I didn't know the cause," writes a Colo. young lady. "For two years I was thin and sickly, suffering from indigestion and inflammatory rheumatism."

"I had tried different kinds of diet, plain living, and many of the remedies recommended, but got no better."

"Finally, about five weeks ago, mother suggested that I try Grape-Nuts, and I began at once, eating it with a little cream or milk. A change for the better began at once."

"To-day I am well, and am gaining weight and strength all the time. I've gained 10 lbs. in the last five weeks, and do not suffer any more from indigestion and the rheumatism is all gone."

"I know it is to Grape-Nuts alone that I owe my restored health. I still eat the food twice a day, and never tire of it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

The flavor of Grape-Nuts is peculiar to itself. It is neutral, not too sweet, and has an agreeable, healthful quality that never grows tiresome.

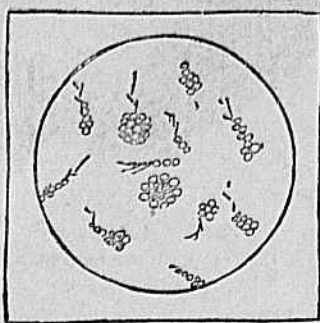
One of the sources of rheumatism is from overloading the system with acid material, the result of imperfect digestion and assimilation.

As soon as improper food is abandoned and Grape-Nuts is taken regularly, digestion is made strong, the organs do their work of building up good red blood cells and of carrying away the excess of disease-making material from the system.

The result is a certain and steady return to normal health and mental activity. There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in

## Avoid "Taking Cold." Protect the Lungs.

Germs of lung and throat diseases fill every crowded train and car. Your system should be in condition to resist them.



Each season of the year one has to fortify himself against the disease or diseases peculiar to that season. In summer you have to be careful of the digestive organs. In winter and early spring, when the weather is changeable, at times damp, and again cold, you have to guard against "taking cold," which generally is the beginning of all lung, throat and nasal troubles.

"Getting sick" depends largely on the condition of the body to withstand the attack of the disease germs. Two men may be exposed to the same disease germs, and one take the disease and the other escape. The explanation is simple. The body of the one was in a healthy condition and able to ward off the germs; the other's physical condition was so weak that it was unable to do so.

Every one is exposed to disease. At this season of the year every crowded train, street car and subway car contain many germs of the different lung and throat diseases. Whether passengers catch these diseases or not depends on their powers of resistance. Improper diet and poor digestion have much to do with giving disease a chance to gain a foothold.

Just now many eat heartily and on account of the bad weather do not take exercise enough to digest the food eaten. This lowers the power of resistance. To overcome this you should take DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY regularly, as prescribed. It makes digestion perfect and enables you to get all the nourishment out of the food you eat. Besides it builds up the nerve tissues, tones up the heart and brings all the vital forces into action.

You should also obtain plenty of fresh air for the lungs. Though your house be kept warm fresh air should be obtained from open windows. Your sleeping rooms should always have plenty of pure air. Do not starve the lungs, and you will starve the cold.

A teaspoonful of DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY in each glass of water you drink will kill all disease germs and prevent grip and pneumonia.

Sold by all druggists, grocers and dealers or direct, in sealed bottles only; never in bulk. Price \$1. Insist on the genuine, and see that the "Old Chemist" trade-mark is on the label. Beware of re-filled bottles and spurious malt whiskey substitutes offered for sale by unreliable dealers. They are positively harmful and will not cure. Illustrated medical booklet and doctor's advice free. Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

Senator McCumber spoke at length in support of the measure.

The remainder of the day was devoted to discussion of the bill, which measure is to be voted on under agreement to-morrow. The discussion was opened by Mr. L. Follette, of Wisconsin, who declared that the measure had received the endorsement of the national organizations of all classes of railway employees, and that the opposition now being manifested was from employees who had been coerced by the railroads to present protests.

The discussion became general, being participated in by Senators Bacon, Warren, Deliver, Patterson, Heyburn, Gallinger and Beveridge.

Senators Dooliver and Brandegee have offered substitutes and nearly every Senator who has spoken on the measure has suggested amendments, so that there are a large number pending.

### PERSONA GRATA.

Russia and Great Britain Approve of New Monarch.

LONDON, January 9.—It was declared in official quarters today that the understanding between Russia and Great Britain relative to the existing status in Persia includes an agreement to the effect that Mohammed Ali Mirza, who now succeeds to the throne, is well suited to his high office, and that, therefore, it is expected that the support of Russia and Great Britain, the two powers most directly interested in Persia.

### YOUNG MAN TRIES TO BAPTIZE HIMSELF

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

INDEPENDENCE, VA., January 9.—A report reached this place Saturday that a crazy man was trying to drown himself in New River. The two men stationed there, where they found a young man just getting out of the water. When asked what he had been doing, he said he had been baptizing himself. When asked who baptized him, he said: "The Lord helped me."

It seems that the young man was unbalanced on the subject of religion. He was brought here and placed in jail. He has \$20 in money, and says his name is Gordon Walker, and that he has been in the service of the United States Army.

### ATLANTIC COAST LINE BUYING MANY CARS

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

WILMINGTON, N. C., January 9.—The Atlantic Coast Line has given out contracts for 1,500 steel bottom box cars to the South Railway Car and Foundry Company for 750 steel bottom flat cars to the Standard Steel Car Company, of Butler, Pa., and for 1,000 plain box cars to the Barney & Smith Company, Dayton, O. Contracts for more rolling stock will likely be given out within the next several days.

### SAY AMARTO WAS IN HIS TENT AT THE TIME

DANVILLE, VA., January 9.—Fred Amarto, charged with the murder of Joe Pretrelo, Maggie Sullivan and her twelve-year-old son Lawrence at Mortons on the morning of December 29, was held in \$1,000 bail to-day. A number of witnesses, most of them members of the immediate family of the accused, testified that Amarto was at his home asleep at the time of the shooting.

### 1,000 IOWA CITIZENS LYNCH A WIFE-MURDERER

WATERLOO, IOWA, January 9.—A crowd of more than one thousand men to-night battered through the walls of a county jail at Charles City, Iowa, with clubs, iron and tore hinges from the railroad iron and took James Cullen out and lynched him for wife-murder.

### LIBERT. RANKIN RESIGNS.

Richmond Man Succeeded by James H. Price.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

STANTON, VA., January 9.—An order was issued by Colonel Perry, of the Seventeenth Regiment, to-day, appointing James H. Price first lieutenant and ordnance officer, to succeed Lieutenant

Rankin, of Richmond, resigned. Private William W. Smoles, of Company K, Seventeenth Infantry, was appointed regimental sergeant-major.

## RAILWAY MEN TO GRAND JURY

Officials of B. & O. Who Were Implicated in Terra Cotta Wreck Are Held.

### ALL RULES WERE VIOLATED

Jury Recommended That Block-Signal Operators Be Given No Other Duties.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 9.—The coroner's inquest over the Terra Cotta wreck of Sunday night, December 20, to-night held for the action of the grand jury Harry H. Hildebrand, engineer of the "dead" train, No. 2120; Frank T. Hoffmeyer, conductor of that train; P. F. Dent, night train dispatcher at Baltimore; Wm. E. McCaulley, division operator of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad; B. L. Vermillion, engineer of local train 66, into which 2120 crashed; George W. Nagle, conductor of train 66; J. W. Kelley, Jr., trainmaster of the Baltimore and Ohio, and Wm. M. Dutrow, the telegraph operator at Silver Springs.

All the men held, except Dent, McCaulley and Kelley, were in the building where the inquest was held, and were at once placed under arrest.

Just before the jury retired to-day, Charles W. Galloway, superintendent of the Baltimore and Ohio, was asked by the jury, and he heard all the testimony, and he replied that he had. He was asked if he could point out any rule which had been violated by any witness in the case. Mr. Galloway replied that he had been isolated—all the rules relating to the movement of trains. Mr. Galloway says that in his opinion the engineer and conductor of 2120, the "dead" train, were equally responsible. He was asked if he was surprised at the verdict of the jury, and he replied that he was not. He said: "I am surprised at their disregard of their trust. I can only say that in operating the train and in not affording satisfactory protection to the lives and property of its patrons, arraigned the system of wages paid to presidents and signal men on the road and recommended that all block signal stations be kept open twenty-four hours a day and no additional duties given the operators apart from working the signals and attending to their telegraphic duties."

The verdict of the jury was that the deaths caused "by impact, due to the act of Operator William Dutrow, in displaying an improper signal to the crew of train 2120," and directs that Dutrow be held for the action of the grand jury.

The jury also held for the grand jury the others already mentioned as responsible in a lesser degree for the deaths. The jury arraigned the block system on the Baltimore and Ohio in not affording satisfactory protection to the lives and property of its patrons, arraigned the system of wages paid to presidents and signal men on the road and recommended that all block signal stations be kept open twenty-four hours a day and no additional duties given the operators apart from working the signals and attending to their telegraphic duties."

### EX-SPEAKER RYAN FOR CONGRESS

Citizens of Loudoun County Are Anxious to See Him Elected.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 9.—A prominent citizen of Loudoun county, now in this city, says that in the event that Mr. Rixey should not be a candidate for re-election to Congress, Loudoun will present ex-Speaker John B. Rixey as its candidate. He says that Mr. Rixey has always been a reliable bulwark of Democracy. He says, however, that Loudoun will not support Mr. Rixey as a candidate for Congress, but that it is expected they will be as large as the run of purses in this State just now.

### MANASSAS BRANCH AGAIN Southern Railway Company Answers to Commission.

The Corporation Commission heard at length yesterday testimony relating to the equipment and service on the Manassas branch of the Southern Railway.

Mr. P. P. Thompson, president of the company, and the inquiry was conducted by the commission. The case was taken under advisement, and a decision will be handed down later.

### MRS. SWANSON GUEST OF HONOR

At Brilliant Reception Given by Mrs. Dunn, of Washington.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 9.—Mrs. Claude A. Swanson, wife of the Governor of Virginia, was the guest of honor yesterday afternoon at one of the most delightful teas of the season, given by Mrs. Arthur Wallace Dunn, of Massachusetts Avenue.

The tea had for its centerpiece a rare cut-glass basket, filled with white roses, surrounded by ferns, and at either end of the table was a silver vase of unique design, in which were great bunches of white, sweet peas. The silver-shaded candelabra and minor appointments carried out an effective color scheme of green and white.

Mrs. Dunn received in a handsome gown of white, outlined with trimmings of duchess lace, and Mrs. Swanson was charming in a white duchess lace princess gown. Mrs. Carter, wife of Senator Carter, seated next Mrs. Mason, wife of Rear-Admiral Mason, poured tea, and Miss Juliette Williams, daughter of Colonel Williams, served the refreshments. Among the guests were Mrs. Williams, and Miss Gardner, of Chicago, presided at the punch-bowl. Among the guests were Mrs. Williams, and Miss Gardner, of Chicago, presided at the punch-bowl. Among the guests were Mrs. Williams, and Miss Gardner, of Chicago, presided at the punch-bowl.

### Can Cancer be Cured? It Can.

We want every man and woman in the United States to know what we are doing—We are curing Cancers, Tumors and Chronic Sores without the use of the knife or by X-ray, and are endorsed by the Senate and Legislature of Virginia. We Guarantee Our Cures.

### Kellam Hospital,

1615 West Main Street, RICHMOND, VA.

### THE KEELEY CURE,

FOR DRUNK AND DRUG ADDICTIONS is administered at THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, 908 and 910 East Marshall Street, Richmond, and nowhere else in Virginia.

OTIS H. RUSSELL, Manager.

### Not the Congressman's Daughter

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 9.—A local paper caused amusement this morning by announcing the marriage of Miss Mary, daughter of Representative Rixey, of the Eighth Virginia District. Those who endeavored to extend their congratulations were assured that their expressions were premature. Miss Rixey, of Clark County, was married yesterday to Mr. McDermott, a well known citizen of that section. The bride is a cousin of Representative Rixey. The mistake of the paper has caused amused comment among the many friends of Miss Rixey, who is one of the most popular girls of the congressional circle.

### FINISHER STORE

Mark-Down Sale in the Dress Goods Section

300 Remnants of Colored, Black and Cream Dress Goods at half price, consisting of Cloths, Serges, Batiste, Henriettas, Albatross, Panamas and Plaids, in useful lengths for skirts, waists and children's dresses.

7 pieces 54-inch Dress Goods, gray and brown mixtures, and solid blue and gray; value \$1.00 yard; reduced prices.. 75c

2 pieces 50-inch All-Wool Fancy Cheviot and 3 pieces 54-inch Habit Cloth; value 75c; reduced prices..... 50c

15 pieces Fancy Mohair and Wool Mixtures; value 50c; reduced price ..... 39c

Big reduction on Paid Dress Goods:

\$1.25 Plaids now ..... \$1.00 yard

\$1.00 Plaids now ..... 75c yard

### Dress Goods Remnants, Half Price

HIS LIFE BUT A RAREBIT DREAM

New York Artist Commits Suicide Because of Ennui.

NEW YORK, January 9.—With a note lying nearby, in which he had written that "life is a rarebit dream," the body of Albert A. Chittenden, an artist of some note, was found in his luxurious furnished apartments on West Twenty-ninth Street to-day.

Chittenden had committed suicide by inhaling gas, and had been dead at least three days. Pinned on his waistcoat was the following note:

"Life is a rarebit dream. Ha! Ha! Such a funny dream, but enough; I am ready to awake to something less ridiculous."

### The South-Atlantic Life Insurance Co.

Home Office, Richmond, Va.

### WANT ROOSEVELT FOR FREE CENTENNIAL

Cannot Attend, But He Will Write Letter of Appreciation.

WASHINGTON, January 9.—President Roosevelt was asked to attend the Robert E. Lee memorial meeting, to be held in this city on the 19th instant, under the auspices of the Association of the Confederate Veterans and the Daughters of the Confederacy. This will be the centennial anniversary of the birth of General Lee and it is to be generally celebrated throughout the South.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.

The President will not be able to attend the meeting, but promised to send a letter of appreciation, which called on him included General Marcus J. W. Wright, of Tennessee; Thomas Nelson Page, Washington, D. C.; James Charles Earle Howell, of Mississippi, and Mrs. Young, of Arkansas.